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主要内容

1. 信息访问的权限
2. 开放获取资源
3. 一般搜索引擎
4. 学术搜索引擎
5. 科学评价与利用





1. 信息访问的权限

网络资源包括：商业资源 & 开放资源

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LIGO: The Laser Interferometer Gravitational-Wave Observatory

Alex Abramovici¹, William E. Althouse¹, Ronald W. P. Drever¹, Yekta Gürsel², Seiji Kawamura¹, Frederick J. Raab¹, David Shoemaker³, Lisa Sievers¹, Robert E. Spero¹, Kip S. Thorne¹, Rochus E. Vogt¹, Rainer Weiss³, Stanley E. Whitcomb¹, Michael E. Zucker¹

+ Author Affiliations

Science 17 Apr 1992:
Vol. 256, Issue 5055, pp. 325-333
DOI: 10.1126/science.256.5055.325

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Science

Vol 256, Issue 5055
17 April 1992

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DOI: 10.1002/j.2158-1592.2006.tb00243.x

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Viscoelastic Carbon Nanotube

Encyclopedia of Thermal Stresses (2014)

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Article

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Fabrication of Carbon Nanotube/SiO₂ and Carbon Nanotube/SiO₂/Ag Nanoparticles Hybrids by Using Plasma Treatment

Based on plasma-treated single wall carbon nanotubes (SWCNTs), SWCNT/SiO₂ and thiol groups-functionalized SWCNT/SiO₂ hybrids have been fabricated through a sol-gel process. By means of thiol groups, Ag nanoparticle...

Haiqing Li, Chang-Sik Ha, Il Kim in *Nanoscale Research Letters* (2009)

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Chapter

The Effect of Nanotube Interaction on the Mechanical Behavior of

Carbon Nanotube Filled Nanocomposites

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网络学术资源的分类

□ 一种是商业资源（commercial resources）

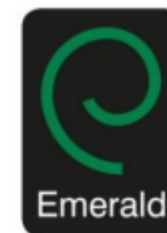
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□ 第二种是开放获取资源 (open access resources)

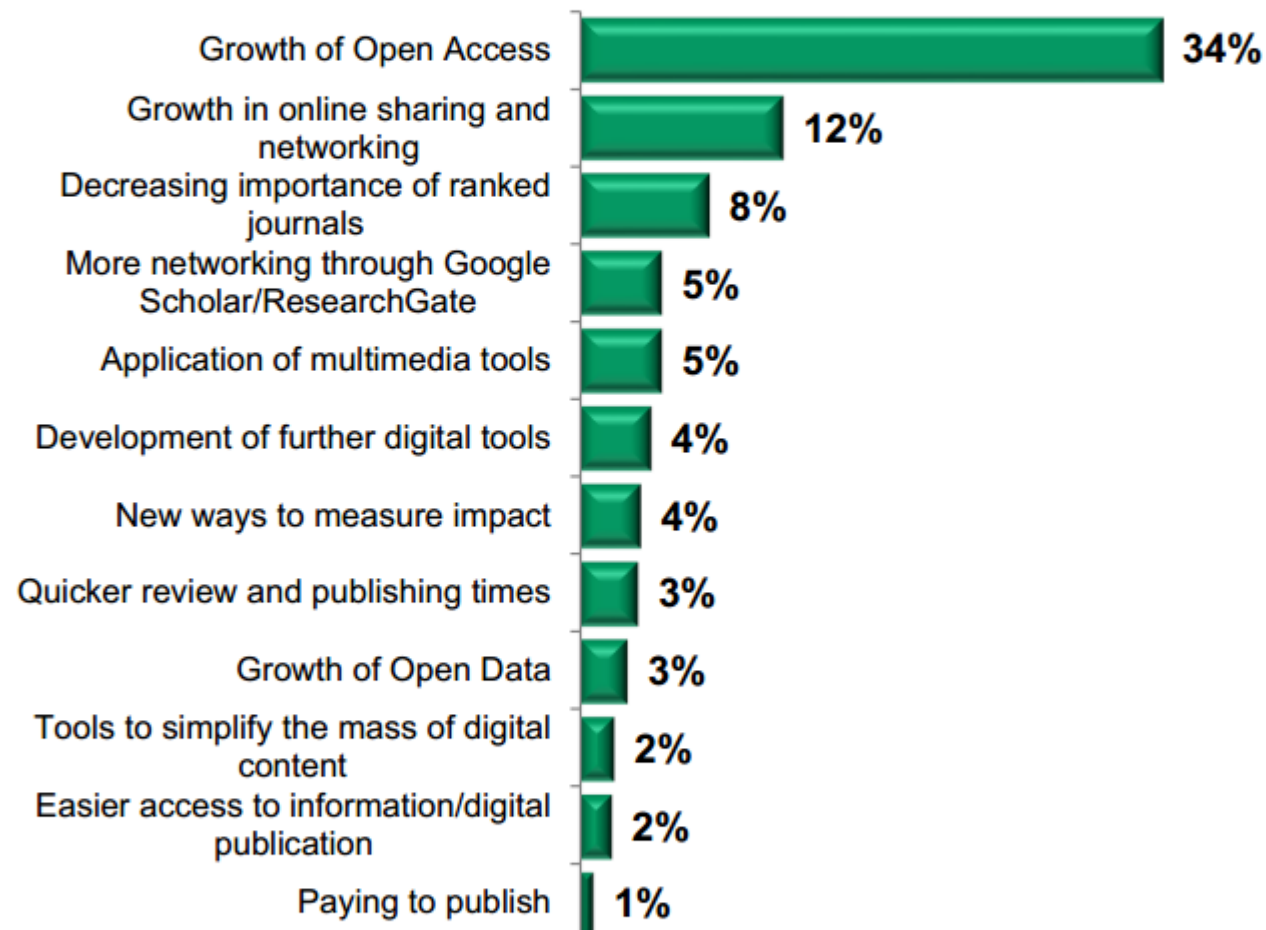
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Future Developments in Scholarly Communication

Growth in Open Access and online sharing/networking were seen as key developments for the future



The most important development in scholarly communication in the coming years?



- Authors reported an interesting range of views about how scholarly communication may develop in the future.
- The growth of Open Access was the most frequently cited change authors expected to occur.
- In general, authors saw greater opportunities to network and share content emerging in the years ahead.
- Authors who had first published before 1991 were most likely to predict the decreasing

传统学术出版商**推出**开放获取政策

随着开放获取运动的发展，不少商业出版公司也推出了开放获取（open access）政策

- 对于用户来说，这意味着商业的数据库平台中**也可能有少部分是开放使用的！**
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中科院和自然科学基金委发布开放获取政策

Sneha Kulkarni | 2014年5月20日 | 19,868 浏览次数



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2014年5月15日在全球研究理事会 (Global Research Council, GRC) 2014年北京会议新闻通气会上中国科学院 (Chinese Academy of Sciences , CAS) 与国家自然科学基金委员会 (National Natural Science Foundation of China , NSFC) 发布了开放获取的政策声明 :

适用对象 :

- 中科院研究人员和研究生以中科院所属机构名义承担的各类公共资助科研项目
- 国家自然科学基金全部或部分资助的科研项目

政策内容 : 上述科研项目产出之论文, 在学术期刊上发表研究论文的作者应在论文发表时, 将同行评议后录用的最终审定稿, 存储到国家自然科学基金委员会/中科院所属机构的知识库, 不晚于发表后12个月开放获取。





生效日期 : 2014年5月15日

声明原文 :

- 中国科学院关于公共资助科研项目发表的论文实行开放获取的政策声明
- 国家自然科学基金委员会关于受资助项目科研论文施行开放获取的政策声明

这项声明正式宣告中国加入开放存取行列, 今天, 《自然》也报道了“中国单位宣布开放存取政策”, 新闻要点如下 :

- 基金资助机构
- 科研机构
- 开放获取政策

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		<input type="checkbox"/>	9	GENOME BIOLOGY	28,862	11.908	0.09509
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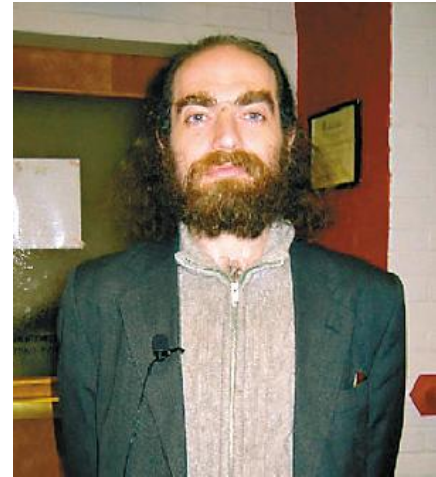




2. 开放获取资源

从佩雷尔曼获奖说起

- 2006年8月，国际数学家大会在西班牙马德里召开，[国际数学联合会](#)将[菲尔茨奖](#)(Fields Medal)授予俄罗斯数学家佩雷尔曼（G. Perelman）。这个奖被称为“数学界的诺贝尔奖”，是数学领域最重要的奖项。
- 然而，这位数学家却拒绝领奖。~~这件事引发公众的好奇：佩雷尔曼是怎样的一位数学家？他究竟因何获奖？



- 原来，从2002年底到2003年初，短短几个月的时间，佩雷尔曼先后发表了三篇文章，成功破解了数学界著名难题——[庞加莱猜想](#)（Poincaré conjecture）。
- 此研究被《自然》杂志评为2003年科学界十大进展之一
- 而他的3篇重量级学术论文发表在哪里呢~~



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按提交时间

2003(2)

2002(1)

按分类

Differential Geometry(3)

按作者

Grisha Perelman(3)

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1. [arXiv:math/0307245](#) [pdf]

Finite extinction time for the solutions to the Ricci flow on certain three-manifolds

Grisha Perelman

注解: 7 pages

分类: Differential Geometry

MSC分类: 53C

Let M be a closed oriented three-manifold, whose prime decomposition contains no aspherical factors. We show that for any initial riemannian metric on M the solution to the Ricci flow with surgery, defined in our previous paper math.DG/0303109, becomes extinct in finite time. The proof uses a version of the minimal disk argument from 1999 paper by Richard Hamilton, and a regularization of the curve shortening flow, worked out by Altschuler and Grayson.

提交时间: 2003-07-17

2. [arXiv:math/0303109](#) [pdf]

Ricci flow with surgery on three-manifolds

Grisha Perelman

注解: 22 pages

分类: Differential Geometry

MSC分类: 53C

This is a technical paper, which is a continuation of math.DG/0211159. Here we construct Ricci flow with surgeries and verify most of the assertions, made in section 13 of that e-print; the exceptions are (1) the statement that manifolds that can collapse with local lower bound on sectional curvature are graph manifolds - this is deferred to a separate paper, since the proof has nothing to do with the Ricci flow, and (2) the claim on the lower bound for the volume of maximal horns and the smoothness of solutions from some time on, which turned out to be unjustified and, on the other hand, irrelevant for the other conclusions.

提交时间: 2003-03-10

3. [arXiv:math/0211159](#) [pdf]

The entropy formula for the Ricci flow and its geometric applications

Grisha Perelman

注解: 39 pages

分类: Differential Geometry

MSC分类: 53C

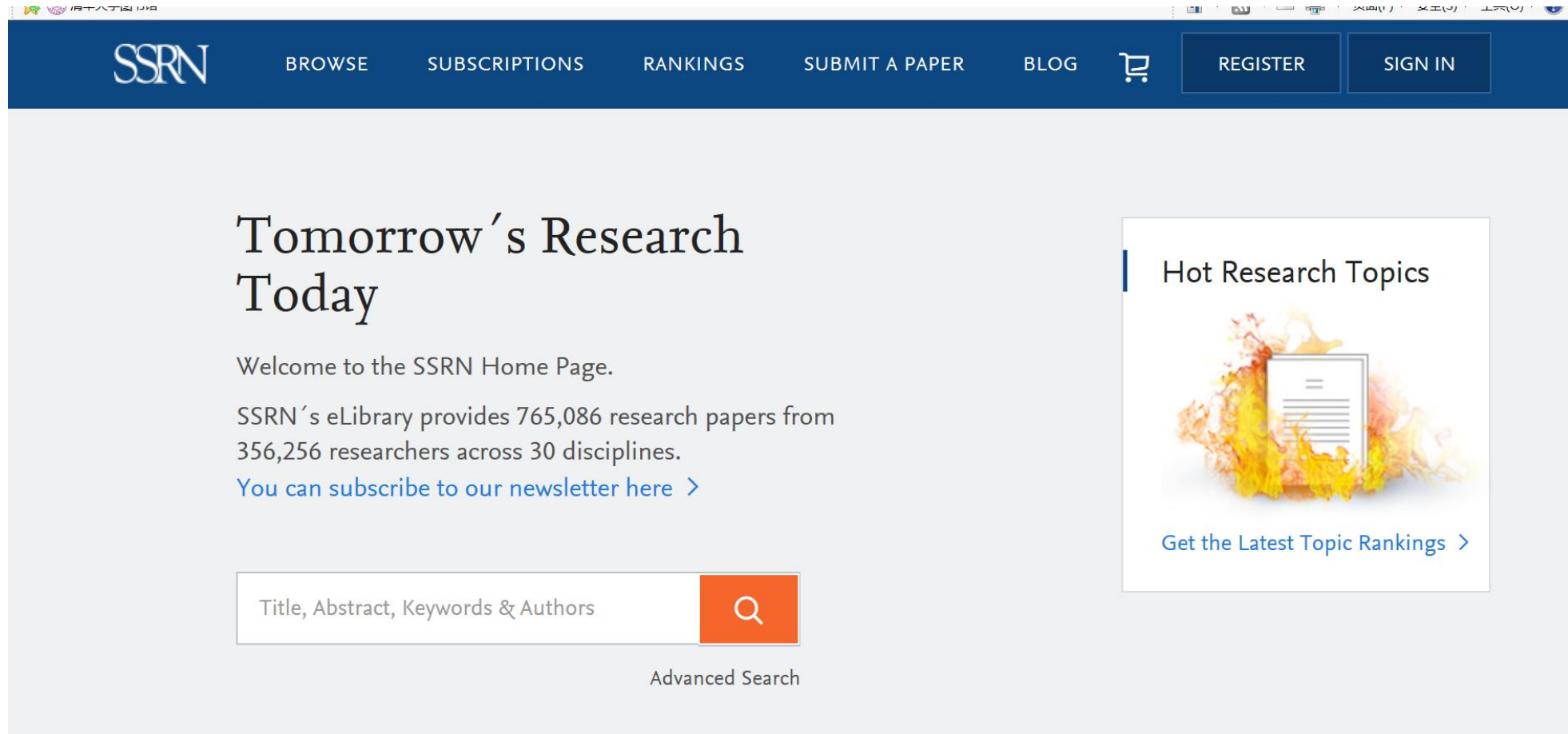
We present a monotonic expression for the Ricci flow, valid in all dimensions and without curvature assumptions. It is interpreted as an entropy for a certain canonical ensemble. Several geometric applications are given. In particular, (1) Ricci flow, considered on the space of riemannian metrics modulo diffeomorphism and scaling, has no nontrivial periodic orbits (that is, other than fixed points); (2) In a region, where singularity is forming in finite time, the injectivity radius is controlled by the curvature; (3) Ricci flow can not quickly turn an almost euclidean region into a very curved one, no matter what happens far away. We also verify several assertions related to Richard Hamilton's program for the proof of Thurston geometrization conjecture for three-manifolds, and give a sketch of an eclectic proof of this conjecture, making use of earlier results on collapsing with local lower curvature bound.

提交时间: 2002-11-11

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二是开放获取仓储(open access repository, 简称OAR)：包括基于机构的、或学科的。前者如哈佛大学的机构库DASH；后者如前面讲的ArXiv电子印本库。

三是整合以上资源的检索工具、门户类资源，如集成开放获取期刊的网站DOAJ，集成开放获取仓储的门户网站OpenDOAR

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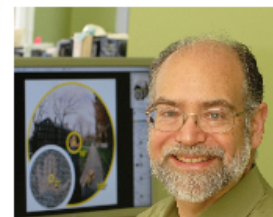
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Featured Works

E-Readers Are More Effective than Paper for Some with Dyslexia

While many people have embraced e-readers for their convenience, researchers at the Science Education Department of the Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics are demonstrating the benefits e-readers can provide to people with dyslexia. In their paper, "E-Readers Are More Effective than Paper for Some with Dyslexia," principal investigator Matthew H. Schneps, along with Jenny M. Thomson, Chen Chen, Gerhard Sonnert, and Marc Pomplun, report the results of



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The screenshot shows the DOAJ website homepage. At the top left is the DOAJ logo and the text 'DIRECTORY OF OPEN ACCESS JOURNALS'. To the right is a 'SUPPORT DOAJ' button. Below the logo is a navigation menu with links: Home, Search, Browse Subjects, Apply, News, About, For Publishers, API, and Login. The main content area features a search bar with the text 'Search DOAJ' and a search icon. Below the search bar are checkboxes for 'journals' and 'articles', and a link for '[Advanced Search]'. To the right of the search bar is a statistics box displaying: 9,338 Journals, 6,798 searchable at Article level, 129 Countries, and 2,449,883 Articles. Below the search bar is a section titled 'Directory of Open Access Journals (DOAJ)' with a brief description: 'DOAJ is a community-curated online directory that indexes and provides access to high quality, open access, peer-reviewed journals.' Below this is a 'Latest News' section with a headline 'The Hungarian Library Consortium EISZ supports DOAJ!' and a short paragraph of text. To the right of the main content area is a sidebar with links: FAQs, Interacting with DOAJ, Open Access Information, Best Practice, Download metadata, and New Journals Feed. At the bottom of the sidebar are links for 'Our members', 'Our publisher members', 'Our sponsors', and 'Our volunteers'. A small notification bubble is visible in the top right corner of the screenshot.

The Directory of Open Access Repositories - OpenDOAR

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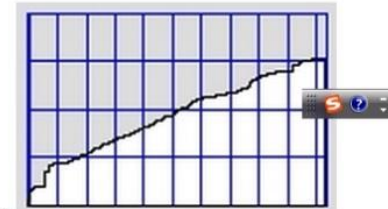
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As well as providing a simple [repository list](#), OpenDOAR lets you [search for repositories](#) or [search repository contents](#). Additionally, we provide tools and support to both repository administrators and service providers in sharing best practice and improving the quality of the repository infrastructure. Further explanation of these features is given in a project document [Beyond the list](#).

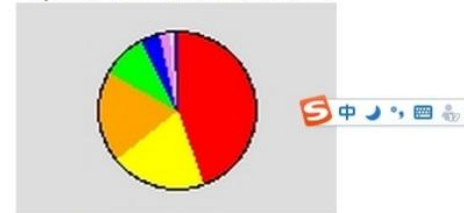
The current directory lists repositories and allows breakdown and selection by a variety of criteria - see the [Find](#) page - which can also be viewed as [statistical charts](#). The underlying database has been designed from the ground up to include in-depth information on each repository that can be used for search, analysis, or underpinning services like text-mining. The OpenDOAR service is being developed incrementally, developing the current service as new features are introduced. A list of [Upgrades and Additions](#) is available.

Developments will be of use both to users wishing to find original research papers and for service providers like search engines or alert services which need easy-to-use tools for developing tailored search services to suit specific user communities.

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Growth of the
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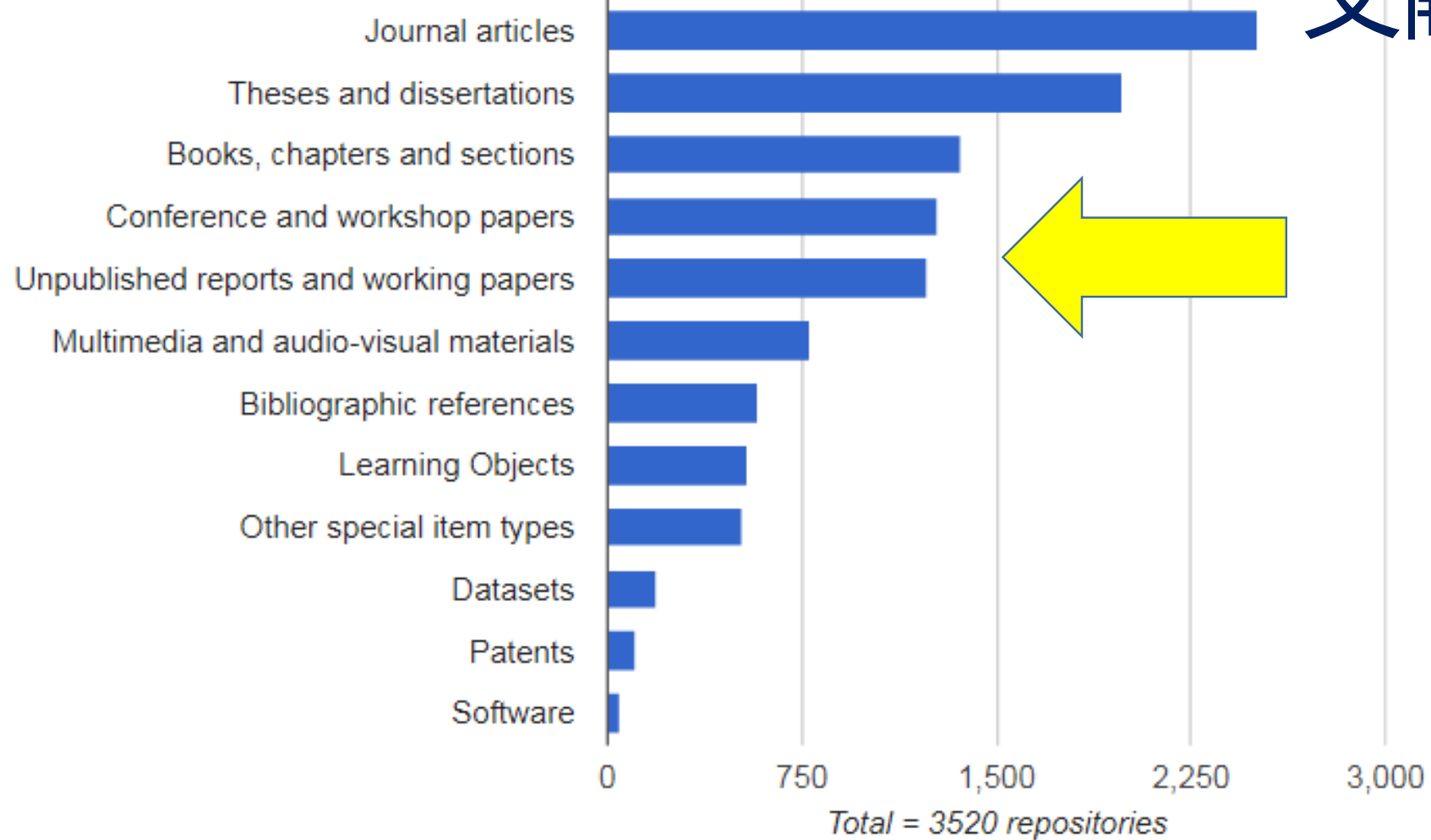
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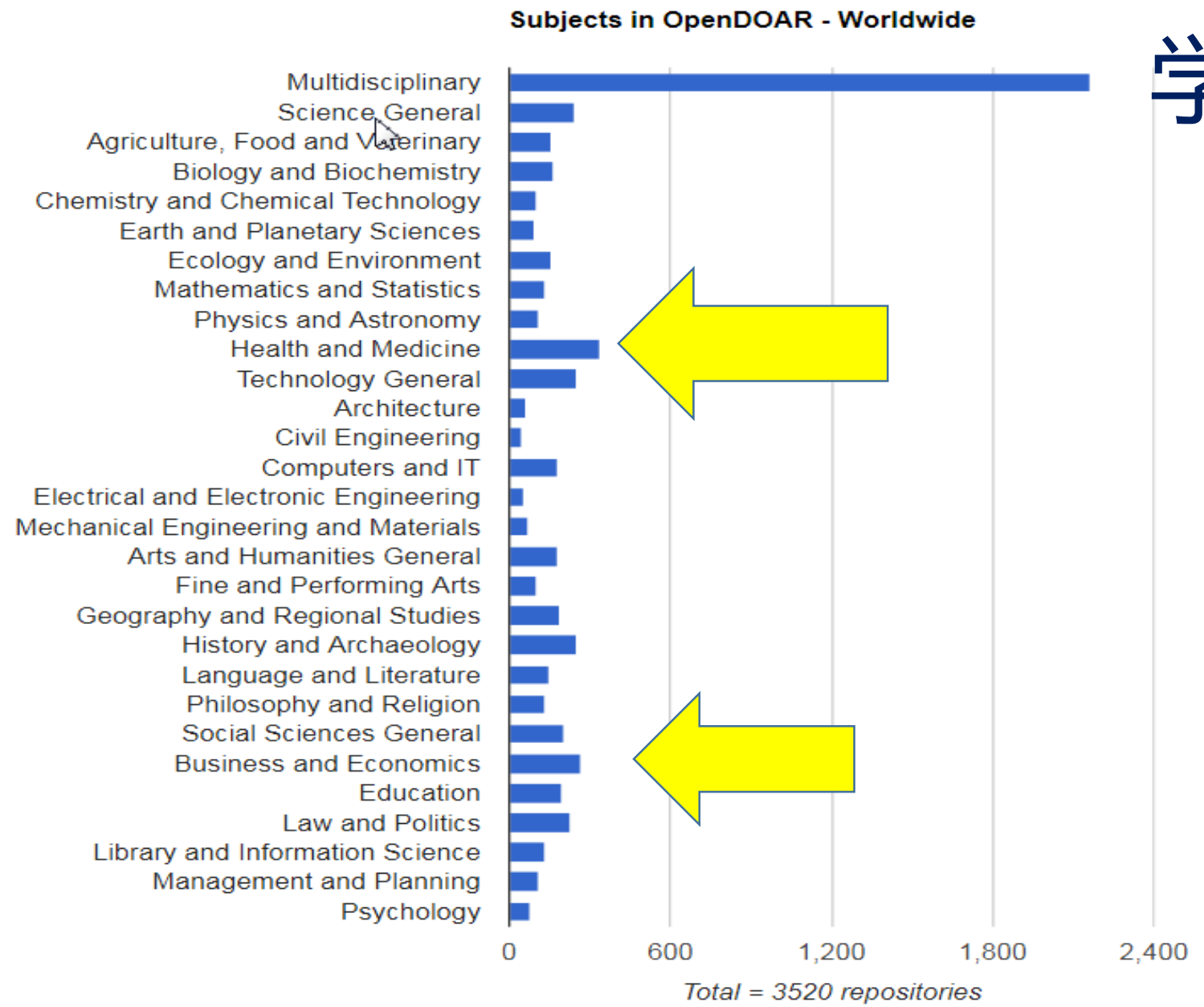
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OpenDOAR - 13-Apr-2018

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学科分布





预印本








General principles

RePEc (Research Papers in Economics) is a collaborative effort of hundreds of volunteers in 96 countries to enhance the dissemination of research in Economics and related sciences. The heart of the project is a decentralized bibliographic database of working papers, journal articles, books, books chapters and software components, all maintained by volunteers. The collected data are then used in various services that serve the collected metadata to users or enhance it.

So far, over 1,900 archives from 96 countries have contributed about 2.3 million research pieces from 2,800 journals and 4,500 working paper series. About 50,000 authors have registered and 75,000 email subscriptions are served every week. See below on how you can be part of this initiative.

RePEc services

The following are services that use (principle) and contribute RePEc data. They also report usage statistics that can be used towards the RePEc rankings.

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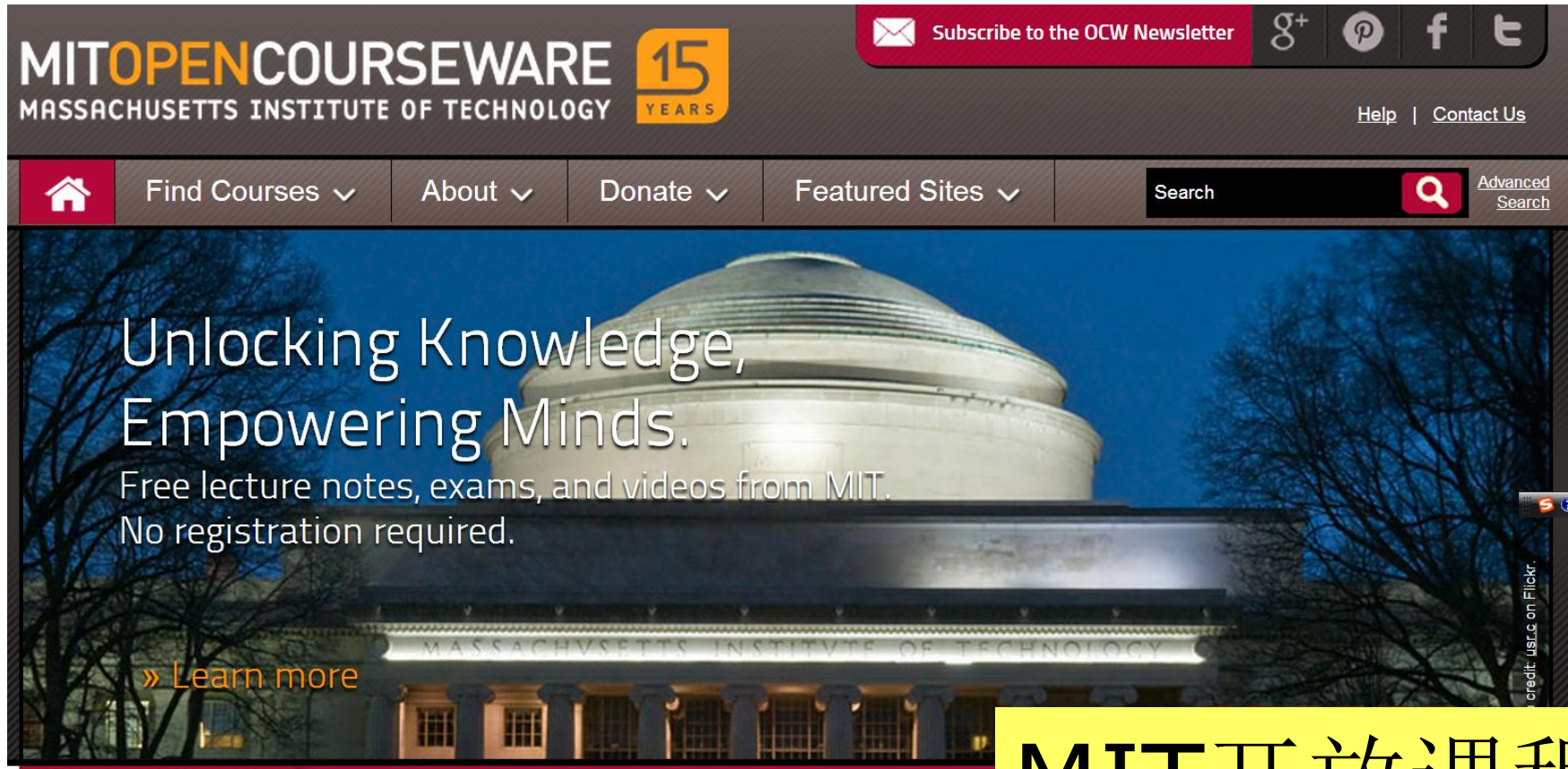
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Financing scheme		All financing schemes													
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Year		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Country	Unit														
Australia	Percentage	(D) 7.6	(D) 7.7	(D) 7.9	(D) 7.9	(D) 8.1	(D) 8.0	(D) 8.0	(D) 8.1	(D) 8.3	(D) 8.6	(D) 8.4	(D) 8.6	(D) 8.7	(D) 8.8
Austria	Percentage	9.2	9.3	9.4	9.5	(B) 9.7	9.6	9.5	9.5	(B) 9.7	10.2	10.2	10.0	10.2	10.3
Belgium	Percentage	7.9	8.1	8.3	(B) 9.0	9.1	9.0	8.9	8.9	9.3	10.0	9.8	10.0	10.1	10.2
Canada	Percentage	8.3	8.7	8.9	9.0	9.1	9.1	9.2	9.3	9.5	10.6	10.6	10.2	10.2	10.3
Chile	Percentage	7.0	7.2	7.3	7.3	6.9	6.6	6.0	6.2	6.7	7.2	6.8	6.8	7.0	7.1
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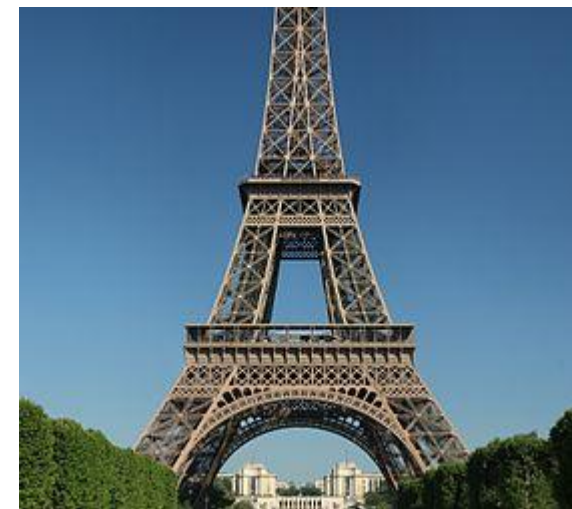
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高级搜索：逻辑运算——提高搜索效率

The image shows the Baidu advanced search interface. A red box highlights the search criteria options: "包含以下全部" (All), "包含以下完整" (Exact), "包含以下任意一个" (Any), and "不包括以下" (Exclude). Four red arrows point from colored callout boxes to the search input fields. The callouts are: "逻辑与, A空格B" (Logical AND, A space B) pointing to the first field; "精确匹配, 'AB'" (Exact match, 'AB') pointing to the second field; "逻辑或, A|B" (Logical OR, A|B) pointing to the third field; and "逻辑非, A-B" (Logical NOT, A-B) pointing to the fourth field.

逻辑与, A空格 B

精确匹配, "AB"

逻辑或, A | B

逻辑非, A - B

Baidu 百度 高级搜索

搜索结果

包含以下**全部**的关键词
包含以下的**完整**关键词
包含以下**任意一个**关键词
不包括以下关键词

搜索结果显示条数 选择搜索结果显示的条数
时间 限定要搜索的网页的时间是
语言 搜索网页语言是
文档格式 搜索网页格式是
关键词位置 查询关键词位于
站内搜索 限定要搜索指定的网站是

每页显示10条
全部时间
 全部语言 仅在简体中文中 仅在繁体中文中
所有网页和文件
 网页的任何地方 仅网页的标题中 仅在网页的URL中
例如: baidu.com

实例2：3D打印有没有相关的行业标准？

- 3D打印 行业标准
- 技巧提示：提炼关键词，多个关键词用空格隔开，表示“逻辑与”的关系



3D打印 行业标准



百度一下

实例3：查“阿尔茨海默病防治协会”的信息

- 精确匹配：固定的短语检索，用双引号
- 提高查准率

- “阿尔茨海默病防治协会”

实例4：查阿尔茨海默症治疗仪相关的信息

- 阿尔茨海默症，俗称老年痴呆症
- 治疗仪 (阿尔茨海默病 | 老年痴呆症)
- 逻辑或

• 注意：广告信息！谨慎参考！

高级搜索

搜索结果：包含以下全部的关键词

包含以下的完整关键词：

包含以下任意一个关键词

不包括以下关键词

时间：限定要搜索的网页的时间是

文档格式：搜索网页格式是

关键词位置：查询关键词位于 网页的任何地方 仅网页的标题中 仅在网页的URL中

站内搜索：限定要搜索指定的网站是 例如：baidu.com

高级搜索



治疗仪 (阿尔茨海默症 | 老年痴呆症)



百度一下

实例5：查区块链、以太坊，但不涉及比特币的信息

- 区块链 以太坊 -(比特币)
- 逻辑非

搜索设置 高级搜索

搜索结果：包含以下全部的关键词

包含以下的完整关键词：

包含以下任意一个关键词

不包括以下关键词

时间：限定要搜索的网页的时间是

文档格式：搜索网页格式是

关键词位置：查询关键词位于 网页的任何地方 仅网页的标题中 仅在网页的URL中

站内搜索：限定要搜索指定的网站是 例如：baidu.com

字段检索 • 高级搜索

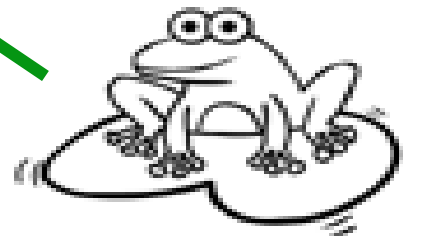
- 实例6：搜索清华大学网站上关于区块链的信息

• **site:** 限定在某个特定的域或站点中进行检索

格式：检索词 **site:** 域名

检索式：区块链 `site:tsinghua.edu.cn`

很有用噢！



- 实例7： 需要找一份关于转基因食品安全的讲稿
参考学习

- **filetype:** 限定命中文件的类型

格式: **filetype:** 文件类型 检索词

检索式: 转基因食品 安全 filetype:ppt

常用: ppt, pdf, doc, xls,---

更多

- **Intitle:** 限制网页标题中出现关键词
- **Inurl:** 限制在网页url中出现的字符
- 提高搜索效率

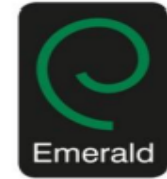


4. 学术搜索引擎

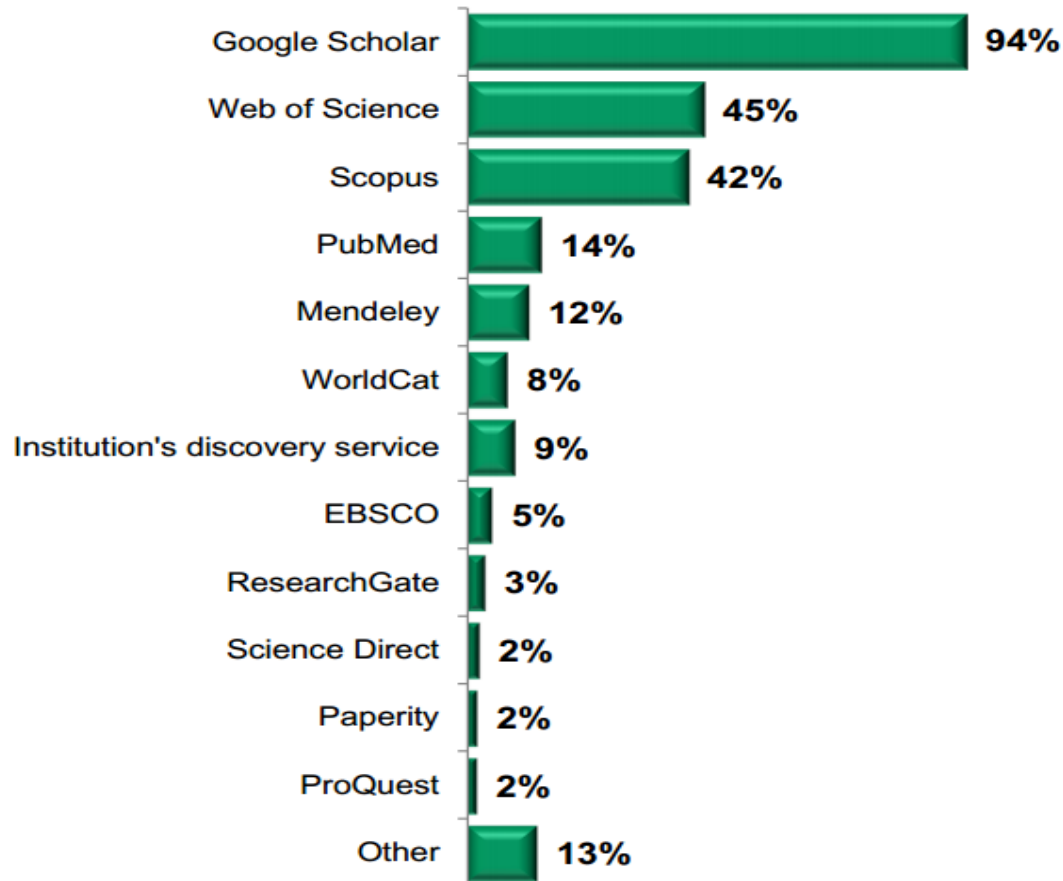
科研人员在使用什么学术搜索工具呢？

Discovery

Google Scholar is dominant as the key content search tool for over 90% of Emerald researchers



What tools do you use to search for literature/data?



- Almost every respondent used Google Scholar to search for scholarly content.
- Web of Science and Scopus lead a long tail of miscellaneous search tools and databases referred to by scholars.
- Whilst Google was the most frequently used tool by authors in all subject groups, authors in Medicine, Life and Physical Sciences, and Law were more likely to use WorldCat and PubMed.
- Librarians also reported higher levels of use of PubMed (48% of Librarians surveyed) and WorldCat (34%) than those in other roles.

访问网址

- Google Scholar 谷歌学术

<http://scholar.google.com>

<http://scholar.glgoo.com>

<http://xueshu.glgoo.com>

专注学术成果搜索

ac.scmor.com

清华大学图书馆 清华大学信息门户 清华邮箱 首页 | 清华大学教学 清华大学数据库导航 清华大学校园网 Tsinghua University 中图分类号查询 | 中国大学网

Google
镜像导航

学术搜索		网页搜索	
学术镜像1: takes 0.31s.	现在访问	网页镜像1: takes 0.90s.	现在访问
学术镜像2: takes 0.30s.	现在访问	网页镜像2: takes 1.37s.	现在访问
学术镜像3: takes 0.26s.	现在访问	网页镜像3: takes 0.54s.	现在访问
学术镜像4: takes 0.66s.	现在访问	网页镜像4: takes 1.59s.	现在访问
学术镜像5: takes 0.75s.	现在访问	网页镜像5: takes 1.24s.	现在访问
学术镜像6: takes 0.91s.	现在访问	网页镜像6: takes 1.47s.	现在访问
学术镜像7: takes 0.22s.	现在访问	网页镜像7: takes 0.73s.	现在访问
学术镜像8: takes 2.20s.	现在访问	网页镜像8:	
美国官网(US): scholar.google.com		美国官网(US): www.google.com	
香港官网(HK): scholar.google.com.hk		香港官网(HK): www.google.com.hk	

Google Scholar可以搜索什么？

- ***Stand on the shoulders of giants.***
- Google Scholar provides a simple way to broadly search for scholarly literature. From one place, you can search across many disciplines and sources: **articles, theses, books, abstracts and court opinions, from academic publishers, professional societies, *online repositories*, universities and other web sites.** Google Scholar helps you find relevant work across the world of scholarly research.

可搜索的资源丰富：

- 检索大量**免费的**学术文献：开放获取期刊、预印本存储库、机构库等，比如arXiv, SSRN, NBER, RePEC
- 同时注意，它也可以检索**商业资源**：Nature、Science、Elsevier、SPRINGER等等，中文资源也有，三大中文数据库：知网，万方，维普的文献资源

如何使用GOOGLE SCHOLAR?

 我的图书馆  我的著作引用情况  快讯  统计指标  设置



搜索所有网页 中文网页 简体中文网页

站在巨人的肩膀上

高级搜索

查找文章

包含全部字词

包含完整字句

包含至少一个字词

不包含字词

出现搜索字词位置

显示以下作者所著的文章:
例如: 丁肇中 或 "PJ Hayes"

显示以下刊物上的文章:
例如: 《学术探索》或《Nature》

显示在此期间发表的文章: —
例如: 1996

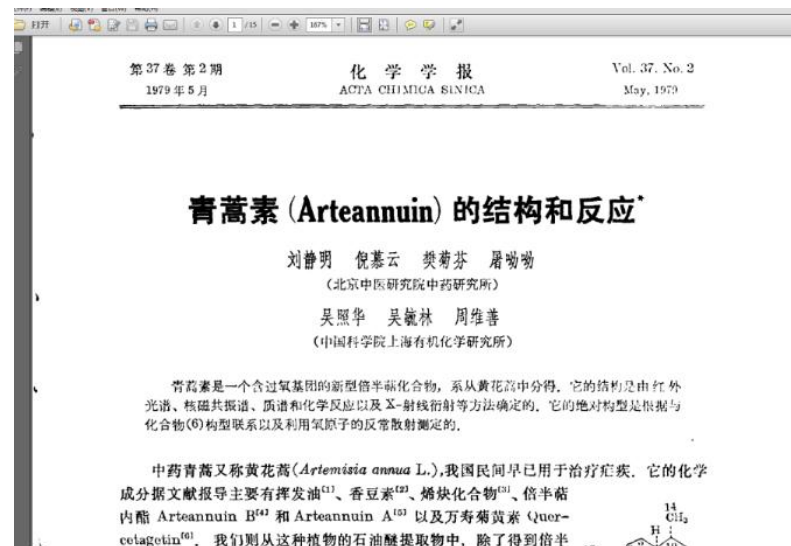
"Alzheimer Disease" OR AD

检索实例：获取全文

- 实例8：小明同学拿到老师列出的文献清单，需要快速找到并下载全文
- 1、青蒿素(Arteannuin)的结构和反应.化学学报, 1979

分析： 无论来自哪个期刊，哪个数据库，是免费或收费的，用GS可以快速定位和获取

- 免费资源（开放获取资源）
- 有商业资源，但是有网站提供免费版本访问
- 有商业资源，本馆订购可访问



- [实例9: 获取全文](#)

Simultaneous densitometric determination of artemisinin, artemisinic acid and arteannuin-B in *Artemisia annua* using reversed-phase thin layer chromatography. P Bhandari, AP Gupta, B Singh... - Journal of separation ..., 2005

检索实例：某主题方面文章

- 实例10：检索青蒿素（**Arteannuin**）相关的最新英文文章
- **Artemisinin OR qinghaosu**
- 一些英文文章是用中文拼音的



文章

我的图书馆

It's gone. [Undo](#)

What was wrong with this ad?

Irrelevant Repetitive Inappropriate



时间不限

2016以来

2015以来

2012以来

自定义范围...

按相关性排序

按日期排序

搜索所有网页

中文网页

简体中文网页

包括专利

包含引用

小提示: 只搜索中文(简体)结果, 可在 [学术搜索设置](#) 指定搜索语言

Qinghaosu (artemisinin): an antimalarial drug from China

DL Klayman - *Science*, 1985 - science.sciencemag.org

Abstract The herb *Artemisia annua* has been used for many centuries in Chinese traditional medicine as a treatment for fever and malaria. In 1971, Chinese chemists isolated from the leafy portions of the plant the substance responsible for its reputed medicinal action. This ...

被引用次数: 1999 [相关文章](#) [所有 13 个版本](#) [引用](#) [保存](#)

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Artemisinin resistance in Plasmodium falciparum malaria

AM Dondorp, F Nosten, P Yi, D Das... - ... *England Journal of ...*, 2009 - *Mass Medical Soc*

Background **Artemisinin**-based combination therapies are the recommended first-line treatments of falciparum malaria in all countries with endemic disease. There are recent concerns that the efficacy of such therapies has declined on the Thai-Cambodian border, ...

被引用次数: 1711 [相关文章](#) [所有 8 个版本](#) [引用](#) [保存](#)

[nih.gov \[HTML\]](#)
[get via Tsinghua Library](#)



Effects of artemisinin derivatives on malaria transmissibility

RN Price, F Nosten, C Luxemburger, FO Ter Kuile... - *The Lancet*, 1996 - Elsevier

Summary Background On the western border of Thailand the efficacy of mefloquine in the treatment of falciparum malaria has declined while gametocyte carriage rates have

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网页 图片 更多...

Google nanocrystal

学术搜索 找到约 114,000 条结果 (用时0.03秒)

小提示: 只搜索中文(简体)结果, 可在 学术搜索设置 指定搜索语言

时间不限
2013以来
2012以来
2009以来
自定义范围...

按相关性排序
按日期排序

搜索所有网页
中文网页
简体中文网页

包括专利
 包含引用

创建快讯

Monodisperse FePt nanoparticles and ferromagnetic FePt nanocrystal superlattices
S Sun, CB Murray, D Weiler, L Folks, A Moser - Science, 2000 - sciencemag.org
Abstract Synthesis of monodisperse iron-platinum (FePt) nanoparticles by reduction of platinum acetylacetonate and decomposition of iron pentacarbonyl in the presence of oleic acid and oleyl amine stabilizers is reported. The FePt particle composition is readily...
被引用次数: 4524 相关文章 所有 21 个版本 引用

Organization of nanocrystal molecules' using DNA
AP Alivisatos, KP Johnsson, X Peng, TE Wilson... - 1996 - nature.com
PATTERNING matter on the nanometre scale is an important objective of current materials chemistry and physics. It is driven by both the need to further miniaturize electronic components and the fact that at the nanometre scale, materials properties are strongly ...
被引用次数: 2125 相关文章 所有 12 个版本 引用 更多

Colloidal nanocrystal shape and size control: the case of cobalt
VF Puentes, KM Krishnan, AP Alivisatos - Science, 2001 - sciencemag.org
Abstract We show that a relatively simple approach for controlling the colloidal synthesis of anisotropic cadmium selenide semiconductor nanorods can be extended to the size-controlled preparation of magnetic cobalt nanorods as well as spherically shaped ...
被引用次数: 1926 相关文章 所有 20 个版本 引用

Optical gain and stimulated emission in nanocrystal quantum dots
VI Klimov, AA Mikhailovsky, S Xu, A Malko... - Science, 2000 - sciencemag.org
Abstract The development of optical gain in chemically synthesized semiconductor nanoparticles (nanocrystal quantum dots) has been intensely studied as the first step toward nanocrystal quantum dot lasers. We examined the competing dynamical processes ...
被引用次数: 1654 相关文章 所有 17 个版本 引用

[引用] Cells Processed from Solution Gur, Ilan; Fromer, Neil A.; Geier, Michael L.; Alivisatos, A. Paul
ASAIN Solar - Science (Washington, DC, United States), 2005

geocities.ws 中的 [PDF]
get via Tsinghua Library

semi.ac.cn 中的 [PDF]
get via Tsinghua Library

get via Tsinghua Library

更多

如何正确引用这篇文章？

The screenshot shows a citation tool interface. At the top, the title of the article is "青蒿素(Arteannuin)的结构和反应". Below the title, there is a "引用" (Cite) button. A dropdown menu is open, showing the citation text for the selected format: "刘静明, 倪慕云, 樊菊芬, 等. 青蒿素 (Arteannuin) 的结构和反应[J]. 化学学报, 1979, 37(2): 129-143." Below the dropdown, there are three citation formats listed: GB/T 7714, MLA, and APA. At the bottom of the dropdown, there are links for "BibTeX", "EndNote", "RefMan", and "RefWorks".

青蒿素(Arteannuin)的结构和反应

引用

复制并粘贴一种已设定格式的引用方法，或利用其中一个链接导入到参考书目管理软件中。

GB/T 7714 刘静明, 倪慕云, 樊菊芬, 等. 青蒿素 (Arteannuin) 的结构和反应[J]. 化学学报, 1979, 37(2): 129-143.

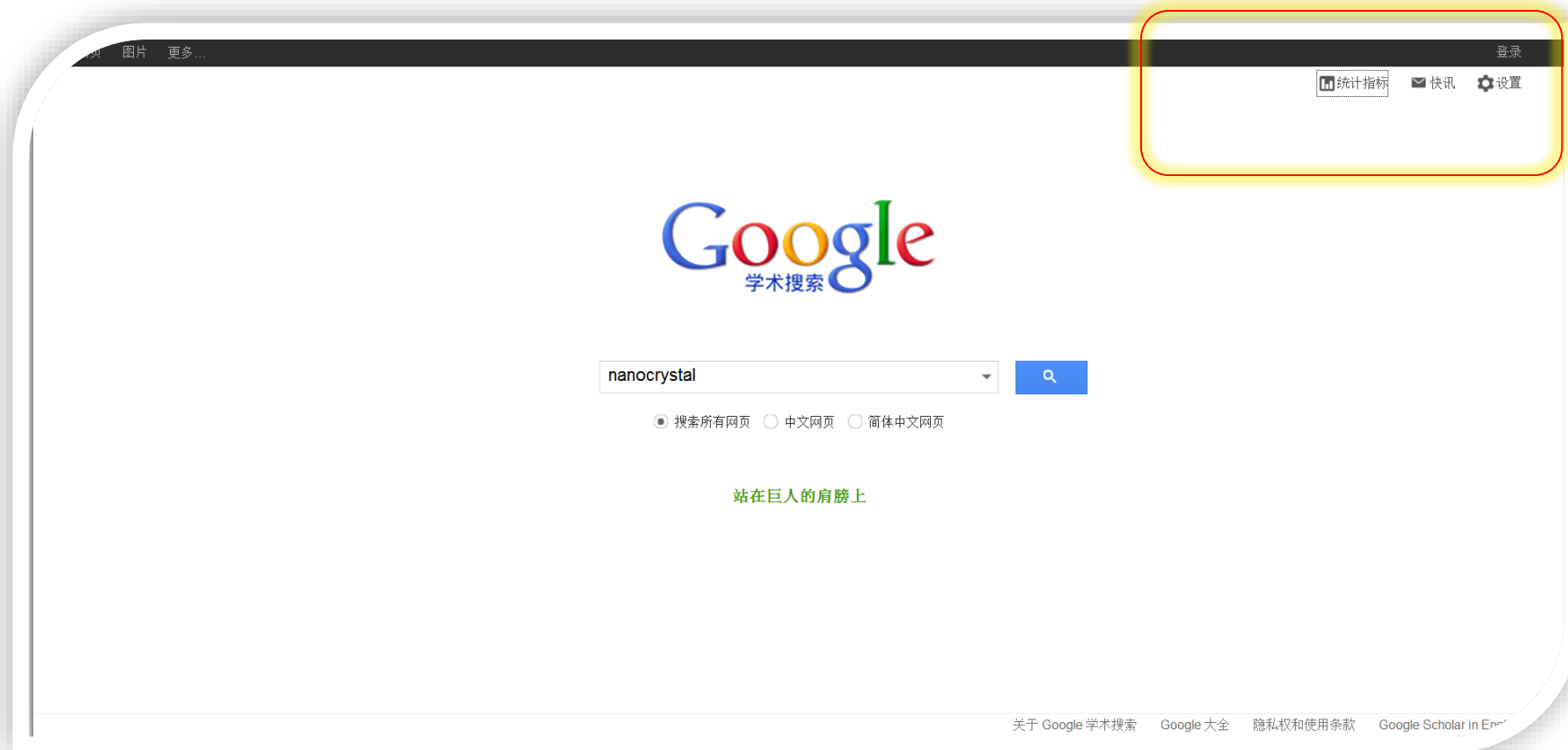
MLA 刘静明, et al. "青蒿素 (Arteannuin) 的结构和反应." 化学学报 37.2 (1979): 129-143.

APA 刘静明, 倪慕云, 樊菊芬, 屠呦呦, 吴照华, 吴毓林, & 周维善. (1979). 青蒿素 (Arteannuin) 的结构和反应. 化学学报, 37(2), 129-143.

[BibTeX](#) [EndNote](#) [RefMan](#) [RefWorks](#)

以上显示的是最相近的搜索结果。 [查看全部搜索结果](#)

统计指标



各学科领域的期刊排名

Glgoo



搜索学术搜索

▼ 英语

Business, Economics & Management

Chemical & Material Sciences

Engineering & Computer Science

Health & Medical Sciences

Humanities, Literature & Arts

Life Sciences & Earth Sciences

▼ Physics & Mathematics

High Energy & Nuclear Physics

Social Sciences

中文

葡萄牙文

西班牙文

热门出版物 - High Energy & Nuclear Physics [了解详情](#)

出版物	h5 指数	h5 中位数
1. arXiv High Energy Physics - Experiment (hep-ex)	170	244
2. arXiv High Energy Physics - Phenomenology (hep-ph)	162	240
3. Journal of High Energy Physics	149	220
4. Physical Review D	142	195
5. arXiv High Energy Physics - Theory (hep-th)	116	143
6. Physics Letters B	114	158
7. The European Physical Journal C	103	173
8. arXiv Nuclear Theory (nucl-th)	84	117
9. Physical Review C	83	126
10. Journal of Cosmology and Astroparticle Physics	83	103
11. arXiv Nuclear Experiment (nucl-ex)	80	126
12. arXiv High Energy Physics - Lattice (hep-lat)	74	97
13. Nuclear Physics B	66	87



百度学术

- <http://xueshu.baidu.com>



Baidu学术 (Artemisinin | qinghaosu) 高级搜索 百度一下 订阅该搜索

学术搜索 全部文献 期刊 会议 学位

清华大学图书馆 电子资源 全部免费

时间 2015以来 (913) 2014以来 (2396) 2013以来 (3722) 年 - 年 确认

领域 药学 (2905) 基础医学 (2477) 化学 (2041) 公共卫生与预防... (1972) 临床医学 (1534) 生物学 (1523) 植物保护 (852) 物理学 (501) 中西医结合 (431) 农业工程 (384) 核心

百度为您找到相关结果约71,600个

Artemisinin resistance in Plasmodium falciparum malaria.
ZW Htut, ZW Htut - 《New England Jour...》 - 2009 - 被引量: 1107
PubMed comprises more than 23 million citations for biomedical literature from MEDLINE, life science journals, and online books. Citations may include I...
全部来源: ProQuest^{FREE} / NCBI / BMJ / ResearchGate / dept-med.pitt.edu^{FREE}

Qinghaosu (artemisinin): an antimalarial drug from China
DL Klayman - 《Science》 - 1985 - 被引量: 1703
The herb Artemisia annua has been used for many centuries in Chinese traditional medicine as a treatment for fever and malaria. In 1971, Chinese chemist...
全部来源: 万方 / BioOne / Europe PMC / JSTOR / NCBI 更多>>

Qinghaosu (artemisinin): the price of success.
N J, White - 《Science》 - 2008 - 被引量: 461
Artemisinin and its derivatives have become essential components of antimalarial treatment. These plant-derived peroxides are unique among antimalarial ...
全部来源: EBSCO^{FREE} / ProQuest^{FREE} / 万方 / JSTOR / unifr.ch^{FREE} 更多>>

Qinghaosu.
TT Hien, NJ White - 《Lancet》 - 1993 - 被引量: 456
Comment in Lancet. 1993 Apr 17;341(8851):1035. Lancet. 1993 Apr 17;341(8851):1035. Lancet. 1993 Apr 17;341(8851):1034-5.
全部来源: Elsevier^{FREE} / EBSCO^{FREE} / ProQuest^{FREE} / 万方 / NCBI 更多>>

按相关性 按被引量 按时间降序
<> 引用 相关文章 免费下载
收藏 引用 相关文章 免费下载

(Artemisinin | qinghaosu)

包含全部检索词

包含精确检索词

包含至少一个检索词

不包含检索词

出现检索词的位置

作者

出版物

发表时间 -

语言检索范围

搜索



优点

检索结果页面：

- 排序方式：按被引量排序
- 学科领域：精炼到某一学科

微软：必应学术搜索

<http://cn.bing.com/academic>

必应



登录



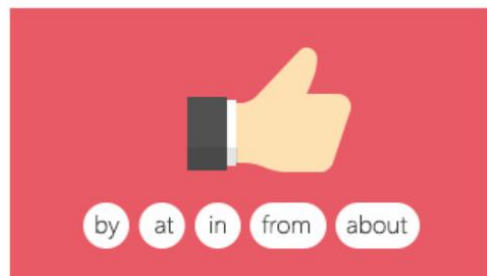
网页 图片 视频 **学术** 词典 网典 地图 更多

致力于提供优质的海外文献检索服务，
以创新的“语义搜索”引领智能学术时代

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[papers by hsiaowuen hon at microsoft research asia](#) · [papers about latent semantic indexing by susan t dumais](#)

[Semantic Search](#) · [Data Mining](#)



小结：学术搜索引擎

- 文献调研~~收录范围非常广，提高查全率，有时还有一些意外收获
- 获取文献~~快速定位全文
- 这些都是免费的、开放的，人人都能使用的！

5. 科学评价与合理利用网络资源



百科知识：真 OR 假？

- 2014年4月7日，中央电视台新闻联播播出了这样一则新闻
- 清华大学化工系大二学生王润佳惊讶地发现，百度百科词条中对PX的描述竟是“剧毒”。
- 原来，3月30日，广东茂名PX事件发生当天凌晨，有人悄然将百度百科词条中PX毒性由“低毒”改成“剧毒”。有网友多次对恶意篡改行为进行客观更正，但连续几次又被人改成“剧毒”。
- 此后，清华化工系学生近10人昼夜自发捍卫PX低毒属性这一科学常识，PX词条6天内被反复修改36次。4月4日，百度百科上“PX”词条最终被锁定在“低毒化合物”的准确描述上。

- 恶意编辑
- 虚假信息
- 错误率高



■ 网络资源的不足

- 质量良莠不齐
- 🐛 信息庞杂
- 稳定性差
- 注意鉴别选择
- 注意搜索效率
- 注意及时更新

■ 搜索引擎不是万能的

- 搜索引擎的局限性：

隐形资源，深层资源（invisible web, deep web）——图书馆订购的丰富的学术资源，目前仍然有不少是搜索引擎不能搜索到的

- 搜索引擎的广告性：由于经济利益驱使，导致虚假信息

注意

- 除了搜索引擎、开放获取资源，还要充分利用图书馆订购的学术资源哦
- 使用搜索引擎时，必须注意对检索结果进行**鉴别评估**

■ 尊重知识产权，合理利用资源

- 网上开放资源也是有知识产权的！
- 合理利用
- 学术道德
- 学术规范：注明出处，正确引用

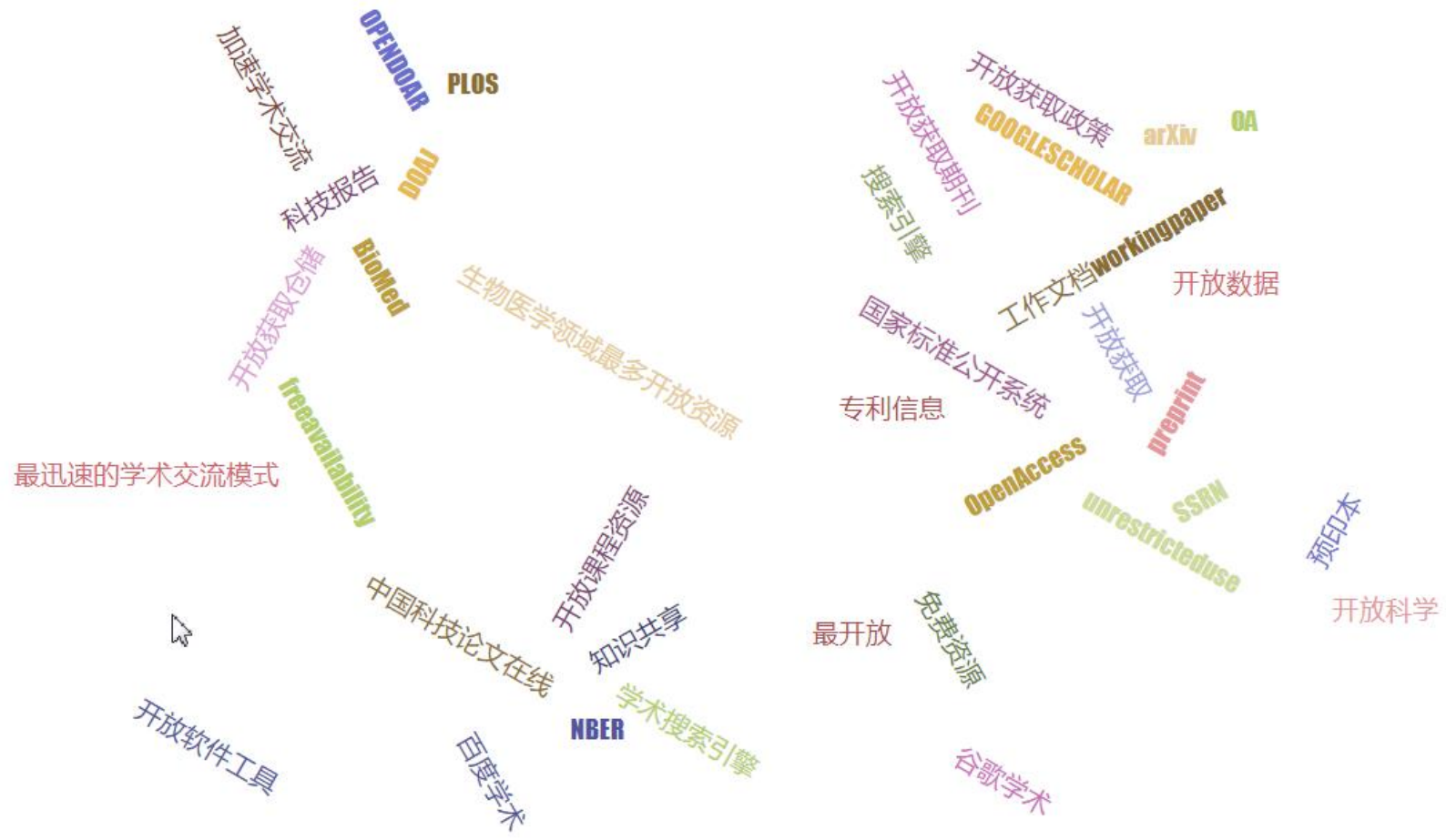
■ 弘扬网络理念，共建学术资源

- 网络理念：开放获取—知识共享
- 可持续发展

OA出版/存储，如何操作？

- 积极利用开放资源；
- 积极参与共建资源







请填写调查问卷

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